# Rat CD73 / NT5E Protein (His Tag)

Catalog Number: 80335-R08H



## Sino Biological Biological Solution Specialist

### SDS-PAGE:

General Information Gene Name Synonym:

NT5E

#### **Protein Construction:**

A DNA sequence encoding the rat NT5E(Q66HL0) (Met1-Lys549) was expressed with a polyhistidine tag at the C-terminus.

Source:

Expression Host: HEK293 Cells

### **QC** Testing

**Purity:** > 90 % as determined by SDS-PAGE

Rat

#### **Bio Activity:**

Measured by its ability to hydrolyze the 5'-phosphate group from the substrate adenosine-5'-monophosphate (AMP). The orthophosphate product is measured by a Malachite Green Phosphate Detection Kit (Catalog # DY996). The specific activity is >15,000 pmol/min/µg.

#### Endotoxin:

< 1.0 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method

#### Stability:

Samples are stable for up to twelve months from date of receipt at -70 °C

Predicted N terminal: Trp 29

#### **Molecular Mass:**

The recombinant rat NT5E comprises 532 amino acids and predicts a molecular mass of 59.4 kDa. The apparent molecular mass of the recombinant protein is approximately 59 kDa in SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions due to glycosylation.

#### Formulation:

Lyophilized from sterile 20mM Tris, 120 mM NaCl, 4 mM CaCl2, 20 % glycerol, pH 7.5.

Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween80 are added as protectants before lyophilization. Specific concentrations are included in the hardcopy of COA. Please contact us for any concerns or special requirements.

## **Usage Guide**

#### Storage:

Store it under sterile conditions at -20 $^{\circ}$ C to -80 $^{\circ}$ C upon receiving. Recommend to aliquot the protein into smaller quantities for optimal storage.

#### Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

#### **Reconstitution:**

Detailed reconstitution instructions are sent along with the products.



## **Protein Description**

5'-nucleotidase, also known as NT5E, NTE, and CD73, is a cell membrane protein which belongs to the5'-nucleotidase family. CD73 is a glycosyl phosphatidylinositol (GPI) anchored purine salvage enzyme expressed on the surface of human T and B lymphocytes. CD73 catalyzes the conversion of purine and pyrimidine ribo- and deoxyribonucleoside monophosphates to the corresponding nucleosides. CD73 serves as a costimulatory molecule in activating T cells. CD73 generated adenosine functions in cell signalling in many physiologic systems, including intestinal epithelium, ischemic myocardium, and cholinergic synapses. CD73 might mediate lymphocytestromal cell interactions or condition the local microenvironment to facilitate lymphocyte development and/or function. In CD73-depleted cells, surface levels of the leukocyte adhesion molecules ICAM-1, VCAM-1 and E-selectin increase. CD73 produces extracellular adenosine, which then acts on G protein-coupled purigenic receptors to induce cellular responses. CD73 has also been reported to regulate expression of pro-inflammatory molecules in mouse endothelium.

#### References

1.Resta R. et al., 1997, Cell Signal. 9 (2): 131-9. 2.Yamashita Y. et al., 1998, Eur J Immunol. 28 (10): 2981-90. 3.Louis NA. et al., 2008, J Immunol. 180 (6): 4246-55.

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