Designation: SCLC-21H

Cryovial: 300225 Vital: 330225 CLS order number:

Origin and General Cl	haracteristics	
Organism:	Homo sapiens (human)	
Ethnicity:	Caucasian	
Age:	45 years old	
Gender:	Male	
Tissue:	Lung (pleural effusion)	
Morphology:	Large cell-like	
Cell type:	Small cell lung carcinoma	
Growth Properties:	Suspension, floating cell aggregates	
Description:	SCLC-21H and SCLC-22H were established from pure oat cell type SCLC (small cell lung cancer) tissue obtained by mediastinoscopy in 1981.	
References:	Bepler G et al. Characterization of two cell lines with distinct phenotypes established from a patient with small cell lung cancer. Cancer Res 47: 1883-91, 1987. PMID: 3028617	
Culture Conditions an	d Handling	
Culture Medium:	RPMI 1640 medium supplemented with 2 mM L-glutamine, sodium pyruvate, and 10% fetal bovine serum (MG-70, CLS order number 820700).	
Subculturing:	Once or twice a week add 5 ml of fresh cell culture medium, as soon as the culture medium gets acidic.  Suculture as soon as many very large clusters are observed.  Dissociate the clusters by collecting the cells, rinsing once using PBS without calcium/magnesium and adding 3-5 ml Accutase.  Incubate for 10minutes at 37°C.  Collect the cells following centrigation, resuspend in fresh cell culture medium and count.	
Split Ratio:	A ratio of 1:2 to 1:4 is recommended	
Seeding density:	Start cultures at 2-4x10 <sup>4</sup> cells/ml.	
Fluid Renewal:	2 to 3 times weekly	
Doubling time:	45 hrs	
Freeze Medium:	CM-ACF (CLS order number: 800650, 50ml), serum free freeze medium.	
Freezing recovery:	Cells will recover from freezing within 24 to 48 hrs.	
Sterility:	Cell based assay (Plasmotest): negative; Mycoplasma specific PCR: negative	
Biosafety Level:	1	
Safety precautions:	If the cryovial is planned to be stored in liquid nitrogen and to be thawed in the future, special safety precautions should be followed:  Protective gloves and clothing should be used and a facemask or safety goggles must be worn when transferring frozen samples into or removing from the liquid nitrogen tank.  The removal of a cryovial from liquid nitrogen may result in the explosion of the frozen vial creating flying fragments.  Caputo, J.L. Biosafety procedures in cell culture. J. Tissue Cult. Methods 11:223-227, 1988. ATCC Quality Control Methods for Cell Lines, 2nd edition, 1992.	
Special Features of th	ne Cell Line	
Tumorigenic:	Yes, in nude mice	
Viruses:	SMRV: Negative, as confirmed by Real-Time PCR	
Karyotyping:	Modal chromosome number 42/43, range 39-44. Chromosome deletion 3p.	

DNA Profile (STR):	Amelogenin: X,Y	vW A: 17	
	CSF1PO: 10	D3S1358: 15	
	D13S317: 12	D21S11: 29,31.2	
	D16S539: 12	D18S51: 14,15	
	D5S818: 11,12	Penta E: 12,13	
	D7S820: 11	Penta D: 9	
	THO1: 9.3	D8S1179: 12,13	
	TPOX: 8,9	FGA: 22	
Ploidy status:	Aneuploid		
Oncogenes:	-myc amplification present, c-myc expression high		
Related Cell Lines:	SCLC-22H		

Certificate of Analysis:	The Certificate of Analysis for each batch can be requested by e-mail at	
	service@clsgmbh.de.	

Recommendations for handling of cells growing in suspension following delivery		
Cryopreserved cells	The cells come deep-frozen shipped on dry ice. Please make sure that the vial is still frozen.	
	If immediate culturing is not intended, the cryovial(s) must be stored below -150°C after arrival.	
	If immediate culturing is intended, please follow these instructions:	
	Quickly thaw by rapid agitation in a 37°C water bath within 40-60 seconds. The water bath should have clean water containing an antimicrobial agent. As soon as the sample has thawed, remove the cryovial from the water bath. Note: A small ice clump should still remain and the vial should still be cold.	
	From now on, all operations should be carried out under aseptic conditions.	
	Transfer the cryovial to a sterile flow cabinet and wipe with 70% alcohol. Carefully open the vial and transfer the cell suspension into a 15 ml centrifuge tube containing 8 ml of culture medium (room temperature). Resuspend the cells carefully. Centrifuge at 300xg for 3 min and discard the supernatant. The centrifugation step may be omitted, but in this case the remains of the freeze medium have to be removed 24 hours later.	
	Resuspend the cells carefully in 10ml fresh cell culture medium and transfer them into one T25 cell culture flask. All further steps are described in the Subculture section.	
Proliferating Cultures	The cell culture flask, 1xT25, comes filled with cell culture medium.	
	Incubate at 37°C for a minimum of 24 hrs.	
	Count the cells, spin down the cell suspension at 300x g for 3 minutes to collect the cells. Resuspend the cells in an appropriate amount of fresh cell culture medium and transfer to new cell culture flasks.	
	Incubate at 37°C for a minimum of 24 hrs.	

Warranty:	CLS warrants for a high cell viability and culture performance only if the product(s) is (are) stored and cultured according to the information described above. Using cell culture media and supplements other than the ones recommended in this product information may result in satisfactory proliferation and viabilities. CLS, however, does not warrant for cell recovery, proliferation and function if differing formulations are employed.
Disclaimer:	The customer shall not be entitled to employ this product for purposes other than research. Commercial utilization shall not be permitted; in particular, the cell line, its components or materials made therefrom shall not be sold or transferred to any third party. In addition, the term 'Commercial use' shall mean any activity by a party for consideration and may include, but is not limited to, use of the product or its components in manufacturing, for providing services, e.g. fee for service testing, in quality control or assurance processes within the manufacturing of products for sale, for therapeutic, diagnostic or prophylactic purposes, or for resale.