

# CD57 / B3GAT1 (Natural Killer Cell Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide

Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone HNK-1 + NK-1 ] Catalog # AH11308

### **Specification**

CD57 / B3GAT1 (Natural Killer Cell Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Product Information

,2,3, Application **Primary Accession** 09P2W7 Other Accession <u>27087</u>, <u>381050</u> Reactivity Human Host Mouse Clonality Monoclonal Mouse / IgM's Isotype Calculated MW ~110kDa KDa

CD57 / B3GAT1 (Natural Killer Cell Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Additional Information

### **Gene ID 27087**

### **Other Names**

Galactosylgalactosylxylosylprotein 3-beta-glucuronosyltransferase 1, 2.4.1.135, Beta-1, 3-glucuronyltransferase 1, Glucuronosyltransferase P, GlcAT-P, UDP-GlcUA:glycoprotein beta-1, 3-glucuronyltransferase, GlcUAT-P, B3GAT1, GLCATP

#### **Storage**

Store at 2 to 8°C.Antibody is stable for 24 months.

### **Precautions**

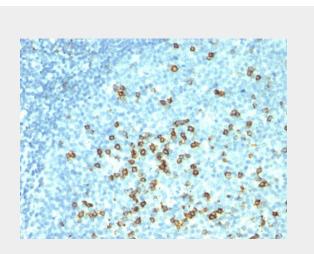
CD57 / B3GAT1 (Natural Killer Cell Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

CD57 / B3GAT1 (Natural Killer Cell Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Protein Information

Name B3GAT1 (HGNC:921)

Synonyms GLCATP

**Function** 



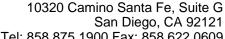
Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human Tonsil stained with CD57 Monoclonal Antibody (HNK-1 + NK-1).

## CD57 / B3GAT1 (Natural Killer Cell Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide -Background

Anti-CD57 marks a subset of lymphocytes known as natural killer (NK) cells. Follicular center cell lymphomas often contain many NK cells within the neoplastic follicles. Anti-CD57 also stains neuroendocrine cells and their derived tumors, including carcinoid tumor and medulloblastoma. Anti-CD57 can also be useful in separating type B3 thymoma from thymic carcinoma when combined with a panel that includes antibodies against GLUT1, CD5, and CEA.

## CD57 / B3GAT1 (Natural Killer Cell Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide -References

Abo T et. al. J Immunol, 1982, 129(4):1758-61. | Abo T et al. J Immunology, 1982, 129:1752-7



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Involved in the biosynthesis of L2/HNK-1 carbohydrate epitope on glycoproteins. Can also play a role in glycosaminoglycan biosynthesis. Substrates include asialo-orosomucoid (ASOR), asialo- fetuin, and asialo-neural cell adhesion molecule. Requires sphingomyelin for activity: stearoyl-sphingomyelin was the most effective, followed by palmitoyl-sphingomyelin and lignoceroylsphingomyelin. Activity was demonstrated only for sphingomyelin with a saturated fatty acid and not for that with an unsaturated fatty acid, regardless of the length of the acyl group.

#### **Cellular Location**

[Isoform 1]: Golgi apparatus membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:O35789}; Single-pass type II membrane protein {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:O35789}. Secreted {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:035789}

### **Tissue Location**

Mainly expressed in the brain.

## CD57 / B3GAT1 (Natural Killer Cell Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide -**Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- <u>Immunofluorescence</u>
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture