

#### Source

Mouse monoclonal antibody is produced from a hybridoma resulting from fusion of SP2/0 myeloma and B-lymphocytes obtained from a mouse immunized with S1 protein F(ab')<sub>2</sub>.

### **Isotype**

Mouse IgG1/kappa

## **Specificity**

This product is a specific antibody against SARS-CoV-2 Spike protein RBD domain. No cross-reactivity is detected with Spike protein RBD domain of other coronaviruses, including SARS-CoV, MERS-CoV, HCoV-229E, HCoV-NL63, HCoV-OC43 and HCoV-HKU1.

## **Application**

This antibody can be paired with other Anti-SARS-CoV-2 Spike S1 antibodies to detect SARS-CoV-2 Spike S1 protein in sandwich ELISA or LFA assay.

### **Purity**

>95% as determined by SDS-PAGE.

#### **Formulation**

Lyophilized from 0.22  $\mu m$  filtered solution in PBS, pH7.4 . Normally trehalose is added as protectant before lyophilization.

#### Reconstitution

Please see Certificate of Analysis for specific instructions.

For best performance, we strongly recommend you to follow the reconstitution protocol provided in the CoA.

## Storage

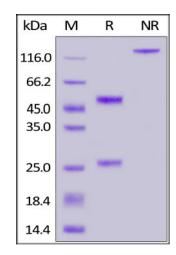
For long term storage, the product should be stored at lyophilized state at -20°C or lower.

Please avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

This product is stable after storage at:

- -20 to -70°C for 12 months in lyophilized state from date of receipt;
- -70°C for 3 months under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

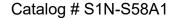
### **SDS-PAGE**



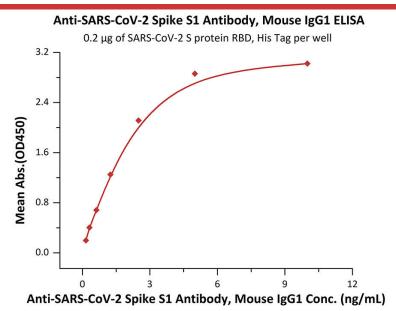
Anti-SARS-CoV-2 Spike S1 Antibody, Mouse IgG1 on SDS-PAGE under reducing (R) and non-reducing (NR) conditions. The gel was stained overnight with Coomassie Blue. The purity of the protein is greater than 95%.

# **Bioactivity-ELISA**

# Anti-SARS-CoV-2 Spike S1 Antibody, Mouse IgG1







Immobilized SARS-CoV-2 S protein RBD, His Tag (Cat. No. <u>SPD-C52H1</u>) at 2  $\mu$ g/mL (100  $\mu$ L/well) can bind Anti-SARS-CoV-2 Spike S1 Antibody, Mouse IgG1 (Cat. No. <u>S1N-S58A1</u>) with a linear range of 0.08-3 ng/mL (QC tested).

## Background

It's been reported that Coronavirus can infect the human respiratory epithelial cells through interaction with the human ACE2 receptor. The spike protein is a large type I transmembrane protein containing two subunits, S1 and S2. S1 mainly contains a receptor binding domain (RBD), which is responsible for recognizing the cell surface receptor. S2 contains basic elements needed for the membrane fusion. The S protein plays key parts in the induction of neutralizing-antibody and T-cell responses, as well as protective immunity.

Please contact us via <u>TechSupport@acrobiosystems.com</u> if you have any question on this product.