Abbreviated Type II interferon, T cell interferon, MAF, Name-1 IFNG, IFG, IFI

Sharing 41% sequence identity with human Interferon gamma (hIFN--γ), **mouse IFN** gamma (mIFN-- γ) is a macrophageactivating factor. The active form of IFN--y is an antiparallel dimer that sets off IFN-γ/JAK/STAT pathway. IFN--γ signaling does diverse biological functions primarily related to host defense and immune regulation, including antiviral and antibacterial defense, apoptosis, inflammation, and innate and acquired immunity.While IFN--γ-induced inflammatory cascade summons a variety of immune-related cell types, such as macrophages, natural killer (NK) cells and cytotoxic T lymphocytes (CTLs), IFN--y is also implicated in resistance to NK cell and CTL responses and in immune escape in avariety of cancers.

Description

Recombinant **mouse IFN gamma** (**rmIFN**- γ) produced in *E. coli* is a non-glycosylated polypeptide chain of 134 amino acids. A fully biologically active molecule, rmIFN-- γ has a molecular mass of 15 kDa analyzed by reducing SDS-PAGE and is obtained by proprietary refolding and chromatographic techniques at GenScript.

Source E. coli

M.W. 15 kDa, observed by reducing SDS-PAGE.Purity > 95% as analyzed by reducing SDS-PAGE.

Endotoxin Level

Storage

<1 EU/ μ g, determined by LAL method.

Specific ED₅₀<0.15ng/ml, measured by cytotoxicity **Activity** assay using WEHI-279 cells.

Lyophilized recombinant **mouse IFN**

gamma (rmIFN-γ) remains stable up to 6

months at -80°C from date of receipt. Upon reconstitution, rmIFN- γ should be stable up

to 1week at 4°C or up to 2 months at -20°C. Lyophilized after extensive dialysis against

Formulation PBS.

Reconstituted in ddH₂O or PBS at 100

Reconstitution $\mu g/ml$.

His 23 -Cys 155 (accession number:

Sequence P01580), expressed with an N-terminal Met.